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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/668,219	09/22/2000	Yunzhou Li	2204/A42	9843	
34845	7590 08/18/2004		EXAMINER		
STEUBING AND MCGUINESS & MANARAS LLP			LY, ANH VU H		
125 NAGOG PARK ACTON, MA 01720			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2667		
			DATE MAILED: 08/18/2004	DATE MAILED: 08/18/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Applicatio	n No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary					·			
		09/668,21	9 —	LI, YUNZHOU				
		Examiner		Art Unit				
	- The MAILING DATE of this communication	Anh-Vu H I	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2667	Idross			
Period fo		appears on the	cover sneet with the t	orrespondence ad	lare33			
THE N - Exten after S - If the - If NO - Failur Any re	DRTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REMAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION sions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CF (SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communicator period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory per to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by seply received by the Office later than three months after the not patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ON. R 1.136(a). In no eve n. a reply within the statu briod will apply and will tatute, cause the appli	nt, however, may a reply be tin tory minimum of thirty (30) day I expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cation to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timel the mailing date of this or D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	y. ommunication.			
Status								
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 1	5 June 2004.						
2a)⊠	This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.							
,	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is							
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositi	on of Claims							
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□ 8)□	Claim(s) <u>1-57</u> is/are pending in the applica (4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>1-57</u> is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction are	drawn from cor						
	•							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.								
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).								
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12)[/ a)[Acknowledgment is made of a claim for form All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docum 2. Certified copies of the priority docum 3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International But ee the attached detailed Office action for a	nents have beer nents have beer priority docume reau (PCT Rule	n received. n received in Applicati nts have been receive e 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National	Stage			
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)		4) Interview Summary					
3) Inform	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948 nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/St r No(s)/Mail Date	•	Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:		O-152)			

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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

1. This communication is in response to applicant's amendment filed June 15, 2004. Claims 1-57 are pending.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-57 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Andersson et al (US Pub No. 2002/0004843 A1) in view of Cheng (US Patent No. 6,600,724). Hereinafter, referred to as Andersson and Cheng.

With respect to claims 1, 6, 13, 19, 24, 30, 37, 45, and 51, Andersson discloses in Fig. 1, a communications system in which node A has plurality of interfaces Ib and Id for connecting to nodes B and D (a networking device having a plurality of communication interfaces). Andersson discloses in Fig. 2, a forwarding table having a primary path and a corresponding recovery path; wherein, the communication network pre-computes (bridged routing entry is created before requiring a bridge) recovery paths to protect various primary paths. Andersson discloses in page 3, paragraph 48 that, upon detecting a network failure, the network nodes switch certain communications to one or more recovery paths in order to bypass the network failure. This implies that the network node should or should not switch to the backup interface as a function of the network changes in the communication system (subsequently determining that a bridge is

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needed between the first communication interface and the second communication interface). Andersson discloses in Figs. 3A-C, different techniques employed by the network nodes for switching to the backup interface when the primary interface fails (establishing the bridge between the first communication interface and the second communication interface using the bridged routing entry).

Andersson does not disclose having a bridged routing table, which is separated from a main routing table, for storing the created bridged routing entry. Cheng discloses (col. 3, lines 25-27) that the pre-computed routes are stored in linear routing tables (considered as bridged routing table by examiner). Herein, linear routing tables are tables that stored pre-computed routes and are separated from the main routing table. Further, the pre-computed routes in the linear routing tables including links and nodes, which further including port interfaces. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include storing the pre-computed recovery paths in the linear routing tables, which are separated from the main routing table, in Andersson's system, as suggested by Cheng, to reduce memory size of the main routing table and to speed up look-up time when searching for routing information in absent of failure.

With respect to claims 2, 7-8, 14-15, 20, 25, 31-32, 38-39, 46-47, and 52-53, Andersson discloses in Fig. 2, destination C is designed with two outgoing interfaces B and D (adding second communication interface as an outgoing interface to a routing entry having first communication interface as an outgoing interface). Herein, destination C is considered as one entry by the examiner even though destination C taking two rows in the table.

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With respect to claims 3, 9, 16, 21, 26, 33, 40, 48, and 54, the limitation "creating a bridged routing vector for bridging the first communication interface and the second communication interface" is inherent to Andersson. As shown in Fig. 2, an entry of forwarding table comprising a primary interface and the backup interface. Further, Andersson discloses in Figs. 3A-C, different techniques employed by the network nodes for switching to the backup interface when the primary interface fails. For the switching fabrics of the network nodes to implement the switching of data from primary interface to backup interface, the forwarding table is transformed into forwarding vector and implemented by the switching fabric.

With respect to claims 10, 17, 34, 41, 49, and 55, Andersson discloses in Fig. 2 that, destination C is indicated twice (reference to destination C of the primary interface) in both rows of the forwarding table.

With respect to claims 4, 11, 22, 27, 35, and 42, Andersson discloses in page 3, paragraph 48 that, upon detecting a network failure, the network nodes switch certain communications to one or more recovery paths in order to bypass the network failure (detecting a failure affecting communications over the first communication interface).

With respect to claims 5, 12, 18, 23, 36, and 50, Andersson discloses in Fig. 1, a communications system in which node A has plurality of interfaces Ib and Id for connecting to nodes B and D (plurality of communication interfaces comprising a plurality of line cards).

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With respect to claims 28-29, 43-44, and 56-57, Andersson discloses a system, device, and method for bypassing network changes in a routed communication network, therefore, such method is stored in the memory of the network nodes (program embodied in a computer medium) and such instruction is carried by a signal within the network nodes (program embodied in a data signal).

Response to Arguments

3. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-57 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

4. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Walia et al (US Patent No. 6,678,274 B1) discloses method and system for managing forwarding tables.

Hsing et al (US Patent No. 6,167,025) discloses methods and apparatus for restoring connections in an ATM network.

5. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE

MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO

MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after

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the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Anh-Vu H Ly whose telephone number is 703-306-5675. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 7:00am - 4:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Chi Pham can be reached on 703-305-4378. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

avl

CHI PHAM

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
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